

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER 100 YEARS

Vol. I, No. 10.

Friday, September 21st, 1945.

Price 10 cts.

Dr. Malan Draws Ire And Fire Of Returned Springboks 200 Injured In Johannesburg

JOHANNESBURG, SEPT. 20. THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONALIST PARTY'S CONGRESS HERE WAS CLOSED BY THE POLICE YESTERDAY AFTER SIX HOURS OF RIOTS IN WHICH 200 PEOPLE WERE INJURED. FURTHER DEMONSTRATIONS IN THE MORNING CAUSED THE POLICE TO TAKE STEPS TO BAN THE MEETINGS.

BRITAIN'S NEWEST FIGHTERS

LONDON, SEPT. 20. BRITAIN SAW A PLANE OF UNUSUAL DESIGN SCREAMING THROUGH THE SKIES TO-DAY. It was the newest British fighters, the Vampire, a jet-driven machine which achieves a handsome margin over 500 m.p.h. on the level. Another superb fighter details of which have just been released is the Hornet, the fastest propeller-driven machine in the world. It is built largely of wood and can ascend to about 4,000 feet in a minute. Speed is 470 m.p.h. and range 2,500 miles.—Reuter.

Navy Off Shanghai Bund

SHANGHAI, SEPT. 20. FIVE BRITISH AND FOUR AMERICAN WARSHIPS ARE NOW TIED UP IN THE WHANGPOO OFF SHANGHAI'S BUND FOR THE FIRST TIME FOR NEARLY FOUR YEARS. The 10,000-ton cruiser, H.M.S. Belfast, and four destroyers, represent the Royal Navy. The arrival of the fleet was the occasion for a rousing welcome, thousands of people lining the Bund as the ships steamed up river.—Reuter.

Where's The Duke?

What is Duke of York doing? Yesterday, an official chartered vessel carrying supplies between Hong Kong and Chungking was pirated almost within sight of the harbour. The previous afternoon, a piracy occurred off Tungchun, when one of the victimised boatpeople was killed and another wounded.

BRIAN HYNES REPORTED KILLED

Friends of Brian Hynes will be sorry to hear that news has been received from Australia that Brian was shot down over Germany and is believed to have been killed. Brian Hynes was in the General Post Office prior to his leave, and it was while he was in New Zealand that he joined the Royal Air Force. From there he went to the United States, Canada and then presumably England.

SUSPENDED

Tokyo, Sept. 20. The "Nippon Times" was ordered to suspend its edition to-day for attempting to print an editorial which had not been submitted to American censorship.—Associated Press.

The riot took place outside the City Hall, inside which Dr. Malan, the Nationalist leader, was addressing the "communist menace."

This morning a crowd, including soldiers and sailors, gathered outside the City Hall and hung a banner over the entrance with the slogan "the fruit of our victory is a new South Africa, free from Berlin, London and New York." We shall not be denied.

Later, a speaker outside the Hall announced that a procession would be forming outside the offices of the Springbok Legion (soldiers' organization) to march to Police Headquarters and demand the banning of the Congress "TRAITORS".

A statement issued by the Springbok Legion referred to the "impertinent" Victory Congress staged by Malan and his party (who opposed South African participation in the war) and said "in the eyes of South Africans, Malan with Oswald Pirow (leader of the Parliamentary New Order), Dr. I. F. J. van Rensburg (leader of the Ox-wagon Guard Movement) are traitors to their country."—Reuter.

Nairu Island Outrage

SYDNEY, SEPT. 20. AUSTRALIA IS REQUESTING EARLY INVESTIGATION OF THE MURDER OF THE AUSTRALIAN ADMINISTRATOR OF THE NAIRU ISLANDS BY THE JAPANESE "OCCUPYING FORCES".

The killing took place after the first American bombing raid on the island on March 27, 1943. The Administrator was Lt. Col. Chalmers and he had stayed as a volunteer with four other Australians, including Dr. Gwynn, Messrs. Harmer and Doyle. All five were killed by the Japanese.—Associated Press.

WOMAN OUTWITS JAPS FOR 4 YEARS

SINGAPORE, SEPT. 20. A RADIO BROADCAST TO-DAY REVEALS HOW AN ENGLISHWOMAN REMAINED AT LIBERTY THROUGHOUT THE THREE-AND-A-HALF YEARS' JAPANESE OCCUPATION OF SINGAPORE BY DISGUISSING HERSELF AS AN INDIAN. SHE WAS MRS. PEARL WINIFRED DAVIS, OF TOOM-COODBE, SOMERSET. BROADCASTING HER STORY SHE SAID THAT AFTER THE ARRIVAL OF THE JAPANESE THEY WERE SEARCHING EVERYWHERE AND INTERNING THOSE THEY FOUND.

NATIONAL SAVINGS DRIVE

The new National Savings drive in London had resulted in the purchase of certificates to the value of pound sterling 91,018,000 up to noon on Wednesday. The drive began on Saturday.—Reuter.

Japan To Chicago Nonstop

CHICAGO, SEPT. 20. THREE U.S. AIR FORCE GENERALS WERE DEFEATED TO-DAY BY HEADWINDS IN THEIR ATTEMPT TO FLY FROM JAPAN TO WASHINGTON NONSTOP.

They were compelled to come down for a brief interval at Chicago, but they had already accomplished a brilliant feat.

The airmen were Lt. General Barney M. Giles, Major General Curtis Lemay and Brig. General Emmett O'Donnell. They completed a nonstop hop of 5,996 miles from Mazatlan Airfield in Sapporo, Hokkaido, to Chicago Municipal airport. O'Donnell did the trip in 25 hours 43 minutes; Giles took 26 hours, 24 minutes; Lemay's time was 27 hours. They resumed their journey after a short stop.—Associated Press.

BUENOS AIRES SCENES

Buenos Aires, Sept. 20. Riotous scenes were witnessed in the Argentine capital yesterday, with sudden upsurging of feeling against the existing military dictatorship. The crowds milled for hours round the administrative centre, but there were no fatal injuries.—Reuter.

FIRST HOME

London, Sept. 20. The first released prisoners of war from the Far East landed in Dorsetshire by plane to-day. There were thirty of them and reporters described them as fit but thin.—Reuter.

WOMAN OUTWITS JAPS FOR 4 YEARS

SINGAPORE, SEPT. 20. A RADIO BROADCAST TO-DAY REVEALS HOW AN ENGLISHWOMAN REMAINED AT LIBERTY THROUGHOUT THE THREE-AND-A-HALF YEARS' JAPANESE OCCUPATION OF SINGAPORE BY DISGUISSING HERSELF AS AN INDIAN. SHE WAS MRS. PEARL WINIFRED DAVIS, OF TOOM-COODBE, SOMERSET. BROADCASTING HER STORY SHE SAID THAT AFTER THE ARRIVAL OF THE JAPANESE THEY WERE SEARCHING EVERYWHERE AND INTERNING THOSE THEY FOUND.

"So I decided to disguise myself as an Indian and put a caste mark on my forehead," said Mrs. Davis. "The Japanese, of course, remarked on my eyes because they were blue. To explain this I said my father was a German and my mother Indian and that I was born in India. A Japanese storm-trooper made a habit of coming to the house but by this time I was feeling better and so confident in my disguise that I used to move about quite freely, even serving them coffee sometimes. All this time we were living only a few miles away from the internment camp. It was not until the Japanese surrendered and the entry of British troops that I could send a wire to tell my husband that I was in Singapore, alive and well."—Reuter.

AUSSIES TAKE ALARM

SYDNEY, SEPT. 20. AUSTRALIA HAS TAKEN ALARM AT GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S STATEMENT ON THE OCCUPATION OF JAPAN. The "Daily Express" in an editorial, expresses deep concern at the announcement of a drastic cut in the occupation forces and "indefinite Pacific aims."

"A mere token occupation of Japan which leaves the primitive structure of Japanese society intact to breed again the evil ambitions we have just narrowly frustrated cannot satisfy this country and should not satisfy the Empire, on behalf of which we have carried the main burden of the British contribution to the War in the Pacific."

"Surely the American people who have so much at stake in this hemisphere will not be satisfied."—Associated Press.

President Truman said: "I think we should all be very clear about one thing. The impression has spread that the speed of demobilisation is governed by our future needs for occupation and other forces."

"That is, of course, not true. No one can accurately forecast what those needs are going to be. Our earlier estimates are constantly being revised."

"For instance, General MacArthur stated this week that he would be able to handle the occupation of Japan and Korea with half the number of troops that, only a month ago, he estimated he would need for that purpose."

"Carry on our demobilisation as rapidly as we can—and that we are doing—and we shall be ready to face the problem of the size and make-up of our occupation forces about next Spring."

"By that time we ought to know how many men we will need for the occupation and to what extent the need can be met by volunteers."

The "New York Herald Tribune" in a commentary on the controversy says that General Douglas MacArthur's statement about the size of the American occupation force required, forcibly illustrates "America's distressing weakness in the field of international politics."

"Many such errors," says the paper, "so many of such errors, the paper says that it is only too clear that these unwise statements by field commanders result from America's lack of policy in many areas of the Far East and from failure to co-ordinate the political activities of the State Department, the War Department and other governmental agencies and military officers in Asia."

"The field commanders have been operating," says the Herald Tribune, "as if each were Secretary of State in addition to being a General."—Reuter.

BELSEN CRIME

London, Sept. 20. The British officer who took charge of the Belsen concentration camp from Kramer, told the Court at the Lüneburg trial to-day that there was no conceivable reason why the prisoners at Belsen should not have been fed. He said there was a bakery in the camp with equipment and stocks sufficient to turn out 60,000 loaves daily.—Reuter.

The first Netherlands battalion to leave for the Netherlands East Indies sailed from Opend to-day. Two more are proceeding to-morrow.—Reuter.

STATE DEPT. ON ITS HIGH HORSE

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20. POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC JAPANESE REVOLUTION WILL BE CARRIED OUT REGARDLESS OF WHAT GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR SAYS ABOUT SLASHING THE OCCUPATION ARMY. IN A STATEMENT MORE PUGNACIOUS THAN DIPLOMATIC, MR. DEAN ACHESON, ACTING U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE, SAID THAT THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, AND NOT GENERAL MACARTHUR'S OCCUPATION FORCES, IS DETERMINING AMERICAN POLICY TOWARDS JAPAN.

It is the second statement that Mr. Acheson has made as the result of General MacArthur's prediction that the occupation army would be cut to 200,000 in six months because things are working out so well inside Japan.

Mr. Acheson implied that General MacArthur was somehow, trying to modify the American Japanese policy. He said that the force needed to carry this out would be used to carry it out, and he is understood to have spoken with the support of the War Department as well as the State Department. It is not known whether President Truman has agreed with what Mr. Acheson said but it is stated that the President, at a conference on Tuesday, said that "no one now can accurately forecast what those needs are going to be."

Presidential Rebuke To Gen. Macarthur

WASHINGTON, SEPT. 20. GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S STATEMENT THAT POLICE JAPAN AND THAT THE REST OF AMERICA'S CITIZEN SOLDIERS COULD BE DEMOBILISED, HAS SET UP A BUZZING IN OFFICIAL QUARTERS. PRESIDENT TRUMAN PERSONALLY TOOK ISSUE WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR IN A MILD BUT PLAIN REBUKE.

President Truman said: "I think we should all be very clear about one thing. The impression has spread that the speed of demobilisation is governed by our future needs for occupation and other forces."

"That is, of course, not true. No one can accurately forecast what those needs are going to be. Our earlier estimates are constantly being revised."

"For instance, General MacArthur stated this week that he would be able to handle the occupation of Japan and Korea with half the number of troops that, only a month ago, he estimated he would need for that purpose."

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Have A Good Time Digger!

AUSTRALIAN PRISONERS OF WAR ARRIVING HOME WILL FIND HANDSOME AMOUNTS TO THEIR CREDIT IN THEIR PAYBOOKS. A major, without dependants, will find himself the possessor of 2,000 sterling. A private, without dependants, will have about 400 sterling in his paybook, apart from deferred pay amounting to a further 200 sterling to 300 sterling. A private, with dependants to whom allowances have been paid, will have about 200 sterling without taking deferred pay into account.—Associated Press.

The field commanders have been operating, says the Herald Tribune, "as if each were Secretary of State in addition to being a General."—Reuter.

Mount Cameron Eyesore

THE COMMANDOS ARE HAVING ALL THE FUN. LATEST FOR ALLOTTED TO THEM IS THE PLEASANT ONE OF REMOVING THE COLONY'S OCCUPATION EYESORE, THE ENORMOUS MOUNT CAMERON WAR MEMORIAL. The memorial was erected by the Japanese to their war dead, but it is not known whether or not it is intended to leave a plaque or some other mark on the site. It is understood that for safety reasons it is intended to use only small dynamite charges to assist in the work of demolition.

The field commanders have been operating, says the Herald Tribune, "as if each were Secretary of State in addition to being a General."—Reuter.

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENTS

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION, HONG KONG

MORATORIUM PROCLAMATION

PROCLAMATION No. 6

Article 3.
Notice.

In pursuance of the power conferred upon me by Article 3 (2) of the above-mentioned Proclamation, I HEREBY AUTHORISE AS FOLLOWS:-

- Notwithstanding anything contained in the Proclamation money changers may re-open their premises for all normal business except the changing of notes of the note-issuing banks as defined by Proclamation No. 6 of a higher denomination value than \$10.00 provided that no money changer may charge a commission exceeding five per cent for changing notes treated by the British Military Administration as legal tender from one denomination to another.
- Any financial institution may in its discretion change notes of any denomination treated by the British Military Administration as legal tender from one denomination to another.

(Signed) H. R. BUTTERS,
Finance Controller.

19th September, 1945.

SALE

Steam Launch
"BANKLINE"

Tenders are invited for the purchase of the above craft as she lies at Ah King's Slipway, North Point. Her engine has been removed and lies on the sea-wall alongside and is included in the sale.

Tenders will be accepted up to noon on Saturday, 22nd September, and should be addressed to

The Bank Line (China), Ltd.,
King's Building,
Tel. 31629.

THE DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL, KOWLOON.

is opening on
October 1st, 1945.

Registration Date:
Monday, September 24th,
10 a.m.—12 noon.

Mr. Goodban will see Diocesan School Boys at Diocesan Girls' School on Tuesday, September 25th, at 10 a.m. A limited number of these may be admitted to Diocesan Girls' School. Tel. 60686.

ELIZABETH M. GIBBINS, B.A.
Headmistress.

NOTICE

Important documents of the Army Pay Office, China Command have been removed from Murray Barracks, Hong Kong during the Japanese occupation. Information is required of their whereabouts and a refund of expenses incurred in their recovery would be considered. Please write or telephone Major Buck, Room 808, Gloucester Hotel, Telephone No. 28141. (J.C. RIDDELL) Major MAAG for Major General, Commander, Hong Kong.

NOTICE

The Imperial Chemical Industries and the London Missionary Society have asked the Colonial Office to cable urging their Staffs in Hong Kong to return to England.

REPATRIATION OFFICER,
Civil Affairs Administration Office,
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank,
1st floor,
Hong Kong.
18th September, 1945.

NOTICE

"We would advise our clients that we are now in a position to clean and repair typewriters and frigidaires. Enquiries should be addressed to us at our former showroom in Alexandra Building, Des Voeux Road. Telephone No. 25235."

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agents: UNDERWOOD, ELLIOTT, FISHER CO.,
FRIGIDAIRE CORP. OF
NEW YORK.

NOTICE

Robertson Wilson & Co., Ltd. hope to open office shortly. Mean-while enquiries should be addressed to G. W. Sewell, Managing Director, o/o "The Hong Kong Sunday Herald," Windsor House, 1st floor.

NOTICE

FEDERATION OF BRITISH INDUSTRIES.

Enquiries should be addressed to G. W. Sewell, representative for Far East, o/o "The Hong Kong Sunday Herald," Windsor House, 1st floor.

NOTICE

We have to-day resumed practice at our former address, Marina House, 1st floor, Queen's Road, Central, Tel. 33033.

Mr. E. Davidson has retired from the firm and Mr. E. S. C. Brooks will in future carry on the practice on his own account under the same name.

HASTINGS & Co.,
Solicitors & Notaries,
18th September, 1945.

HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

A Meeting of Members at present in Hong Kong is called for Friday, September 21st at 3 p.m. in the Gloucester Hotel (1st floor lounge) and will be addressed by an officer of the Civil Affairs Staff

If Members will give notice in writing, by noon on Thursday, Sept. 20th to the undersigned, of questions which they wish to put to this officer, the latter will endeavour to answer them.

G. Miskin,
Vice-chairman,
H.K.G.C. of C.

Address:—
Gilman & Co., Ltd.,
Ground floor, Queen's Building.

GOVERNMENT TRADE SCHOOL JUNIOR TECHNICAL SCHOOL

It is desired to form a roll of ex-students who have served the Allied cause in any capacity. All ex-students who have so served should communicate with me in writing at the Hong Kong Club.

G. WHITE,
Principal, Trade & Technical Schools.

AUXILIARY TRANSPORT SERVICE

December 8th-25th, 1941.

All Officers who served with the Auxiliary Transport Service during the war should communicate with me in writing at the Hong Kong Club stating their rank, station, and whether they have received any pay.

G. WHITE,
Controller of Land Transport,
19th September, 1945.

MEDICAL NOTICE
MOTOR AMBULANCE FOR STREET ACCIDENTS, ETC.

Medical Officers in charge of Civil Hospitals, Public Dispensaries and Clinics on the Hong Kong Island requiring an ambulance to convey cases of serious illness or injury are requested to TELEPHONE

No. 30361, Extension 44, between 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

and
No. 30361, Extension 155, between 4 p.m. and 8 a.m.

DIRECTOR OF MEDICAL & SANITARY SERVICES.

THE CHINA MAIL

Registered Offices:
Windsor House (1st floor)
Des Voeux Road, C.
Hong Kong

Telephones: 32312 & 32364
Editor: W. J. Keates, Esq.

WHY THE MYSTERY?

In complaining about the smoke-screen surrounding the present whereabouts of repatriates who left the Colony in the "Empress of Australia," the correspondent whose letter appears elsewhere in this issue, makes his point. The "Empress" carried by far the biggest batch of liberated prisoners and internees to leave Hong Kong. Very considerable numbers of persons are, therefore, interested in the ship and in the welfare of those on board. They are entitled to reassurance, and to information. After six years of the most sanguinary and destructive warfare, the world has ever known, with the battle to keep the sea lanes free providing periods of the acute anxiety, it is not easy for those who have been through it, deeply conscious at all times of the imperative necessity for silence and secrecy, to rid themselves of an attitude that must have become virtually instinctive. But the war is over, or so we have been led to believe. It is time for relaxation in more senses than one. It is possible that a good reason still exists for some caution about shipping movements.

On the face of things, however, it is extremely difficult to see what reason can possibly justify restraints to enquirers. After all, we know Vindex left for Australia, Glenys for the United Kingdom, and that Smiler is bound for U.K. via India. How does it come about that the "Empress of Australia" is singled out for mystification?

JAPAN'S CONTROL

After Mr. Acheson, President Truman and Australia have had their say in reference to General MacArthur's revised estimate of the number of troops required to complete the effective occupation of Japan, there is little that needs to be added. The point of conflict is concerned less with the statement as it stood than with the inference it permits to be drawn. General MacArthur may be absolutely right, but it is startling that he should feel qualified to express an opinion so categorically and so early. It smacks of counting chickens before they are hatched. Naturally enough, alarm is aroused in Australia lest the Supreme Allied Commander has accepted Japanese docility at its face value, and is inclined to let up. To deal with Japan, many of her institutions require a major surgical operation. And without anaesthetics. But give the Japanese the slightest chance and they will certainly first dope the surgeons.

DEATH OF MAJOR MACFADYEN

IT IS WITH REGRET WE HAVE TO RECORD THE DEATH ABOARD THE OXFORDSHIRE OF MAJOR A. N. MACFADYEN, AT THE ADVANCED AGE OF 75.

He was in South Africa for many years, retiring when District Resident in charge of a huge area. In Hong Kong, he became a University Lecturer in History for some considerable time, did editorial work for two newspapers, and acted as Magistrate in the stress of events just before the war. For a brief while, during the blitz, he was in charge of civil affairs in Kowloon, and he was among the last to leave the mainland.

His health had not been good for over two years. His wife, who was also over 70 at her death in 1941, was an enthusiastic artist.

DR. WAI RETURNING

Washington, Sept. 20.—Dr. Wai Tuo-ming, Chinese Ambassador to the United States for nearly three years, who asked to be relieved of his post, has returned to China. Associated Press.

BANK SHARES

The shares of the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation were quoted at par in the 10.10 in London on Wednesday. Reuter.

Nethersole Nurse's Courage and Resource

THE NETHERSOLE HOSPITAL HAS HAD A RATHER MORE-CHEQUERED-CARRER DURING THE OCCUPATION THAN THE TUNG WAH AND KWONG WAH HOSPITALS OWING TO THE FACT THAT IN 1943 THE JAPANESE MADE IT THEIR OWN CIVIL HOSPITAL SENDING A JAPANESE MEDICAL OFFICER TO ACT AS SUPERINTENDANT AND SEVERAL JAPANESE NURSES.

IN SPITE OF THIS THE CHINESE PERSONNEL, IN PARTICULAR MISS K. W. LAU, WHO WAS HEAD NURSE, AND ACTED AS MATRON THE WHOLE THREE YEARS 8 MONTHS, STUCK TO THEIR JOBS AND IT IS LARGELY THANKS TO MISS LAU'S INITIATIVE AND COURAGE THAT MORE THINGS WERE NOT LOST AND THAT THE HOSPITAL WAS KEPT GOING IN THE EARLY DAYS AND HANDED BACK TO ITS BRITISH PERSONNEL IN THE STATE IT IS.

When the British staff of the Nethersole was interned towards the end of January 1942, Doctor Arthur Woo was placed in charge as Medical Superintendent and Miss Lau the Chief Chinese Nurse as Matron; this continued until July 1943. The Hospital was well stocked with medical supplies sufficient to last six months, and had in addition a reserve of some 40 bags of rice and 2 bags of beans. This reserve Miss Lau hid and kept hidden throughout several searches made by the Japanese Gendarmes and it was a very great blessing that she did so as from this reserve she was able to supplement the meagre allowance of rice made by the Japanese.

The Staff of the Nethersole was increased by the addition of Nurses from the Tsan Yuk Maternity Hospital, the Queen Mary Hospital, the old G.C.H. and the Mental Hospital, making a total of 49 probationers and 12 sisters. Of these some 18 worked at the Out Patient Department of the old G.C.H. and at the Fire Brigade Building, but they were all housed and fed at the Nethersole.

All the Nurses received pay from the Japanese Medical Dept. but after the returns were made to the Japanese it was discovered that those for the Nethersole were reckoned on a different basis from those for the Government Hospitals; the result was, as the Japanese refused to rectify the matter later, that the anomaly of Government probationers receiving the same salary as qualified nurses from non-Government hospitals. In any case, this salary was hardly sufficient to live on, and as the staff, nurses, coolies and other workers, only received 12 catties of rice per head per month, they had reason to thank Miss Lau for taking the risk of concealing the rice.

INSPECTION VISITS
During this first period the Nethersole received infrequent visits of inspection from the Japanese Medical Department, but more frequent visits from other bodies rather less pleasant. First of all came the Gendarmes who wanted the building to house the police. Doctor Woo went to the Japanese Medical Department to lodge a protest; they tackled the Gendarmes and the conclusion arrived at was that if the Hospital could find suitable premises elsewhere they must move.

However suitable premises were not found elsewhere, and the demand was dropped. Next came a visitation from Formosans, who removed beds, pillows, blankets and medicines for their own purposes; this wholesale removal was authorised to a certain extent, as apparently they had arrived without equipment, but they used the name of the Japanese Medical Department and then refused to sign a receipt for any of the gear they took.

OBNOXIOUS JAP MATRON
In July, 1943, however, the Nethersole was officially made the Japanese Civil Hospital, a Japanese Doctor Yokoye was placed in charge as Medical Superintendent with Dr. Arthur Woo as Deputy, and a Japanese Nurse appointed as Matron. A little later four Japanese sisters were sent, one for each floor, and though officially they were to look after the Japanese patients only, they interfered elsewhere and tried to cause trouble by making reports to Doctor Yokoye of Chinese and pro-Chinese activities on the part of the Chinese staff. The Matron made herself particularly obnoxious to Miss Lau, dogged her footsteps, did her best to interfere with her work, and made false reports. It was fortunate that Doctor Yokoye and the Formosans who acted as interpreter at that time, were decent fellows; they did not take the stories from the Japanese nurses on trust but investigated them, the net result being that the Chinese nurses were advised to learn Japanese and had daily lessons, and the Japanese advised to learn Cantonese, in order to avoid misunderstandings.

Other trouble makers were the Japanese House Surgeon and House Physician, the latter being an old friend of Miss Lau's who had a grudge against the M.O. as he wanted Doctor Woo's job himself, and was not given it. One other trouble maker was a Formosan, Chao Su Woo by name, and a famous looter, who had been working for the Medical Department. He himself removed as much as he could and tried to induce the Chinese clerks to loot the Euro-

pean's things from the basement. This Miss Lau managed to prevent, and here again thanks are due to her for not only did she guard this gear, but farmed out amongst her Chinese friends much belonging to the Foreign Staff of the Nethersole and this is now being returned.

BETTER TYPE
Doctor Yokoye himself was however one of the better type of Japanese; he gave a sympathetic ear to Miss Lau's confession about what she had done with regard to the rice reserve, assuring her that he would take full responsibility. If any questions were asked by the Administration.

Furthermore some of the innovations made at the Hospital are quite warmly approved by our own people now that they have returned. Except for a ten day visit to Formosa in February, 1945, to get instruments and equipment of Japanese style, Doctor Yokoye remained at the Nethersole from 1943 until the day Doctor Ashton and Doctor Alderton took over. In fact they were all three sitting discussing Hospital affairs when Doctor Yokoye received a letter and having read it, turned to the two English doctors and said "I go into internment this afternoon!"

So the Nethersole returned to the hands of its original Formosan staff, all of whom acknowledge with gratitude the debt they owe both personally and officially to the Chinese Staff and in particular to Doctor Woo and Miss Lau.

AS RESTIVE AS WE WERE

San Francisco, Sept. 20.—According to a despatch from Batavia, it is reported that there is increasing unrest among the natives. The Allied occupation forces have not yet arrived in Batavia, and it is said that the Japanese garrison, amounting to some 41,000 men, "appear eager to wash their hands off the whole situation altogether." Associated Press.

LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

I have reopened an office at Mercantile Bank Building and shall attend to receive enquiries each forenoon. Tel. 26489.

John Fleming, C. A.,
Partner.

21st September, 1945.

DAVIE BOAG & CO., LTD.

We beg to announce that we have now occupied our former premises:

Office—
Chartered Bank Building,
(1st floor).
Factory & Godowns—
Quarry Bay.

NOTICE TO ALL ALLIED EX P.O.Ws AND INTERNEES.

Officer Commanding,
No. 4, RAPWI Control Staff,
3rd Floor,
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.,
Victoria.

All Allied Ex P.O.Ws and Civilian Internees dependants and wives who have NOT yet been interviewed by a Military or Civilian Administration regarding their status should report as soon as possible to the above address together with any form of identification. This does NOT include personnel of H. K. V. D. C. or H. K. R. N. V. R.

Signed R. A. A. Young,
Lt. Col.
AA & CMO,
OC No. 4 RAPWI Control Staff,
Victoria.
18th September, 1945.

WEEKLY NEWS

THE SECOND EDITION OF

"THE WEEKLY CHINA MAIL"

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BRITAIN OFFERS INDIA EARLY INDEPENDENCE First Reactions Favourable

THE OFFER OF EARLY INDEPENDENCE TO INDIA, ON THE BASIS OF THE SPEEDY FORMATION OF A CONSTITUTION-MAKING BODY, AS CONVEYED BY THE VICEROY, LORD WAVELL, AND THE PRIME MINISTER, MR. C. R. ATTLEE, IN BROADCAST ADDRESSES ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT, HAS GIVEN GREAT SATISFACTION.

FIRST REACTIONS EVERYWHERE ARE DISTINCTLY FAVOURABLE. THE GENERAL COMMENT BEING THAT THE NEW PLAN OFFERS A TREMENDOUS OPPORTUNITY AND GREAT PROMISE, WITH ITS ADJUSTMENTS TO MEET THE CHANGED CONDITIONS.

Sirdar Iqbal Ali Shah, prominent Muslim author and doyen of the Muslim community in London, said he was particularly impressed by the emphasis upon the early formation of a constitution-making body.

The Labour M.P., Mr. Reginald Sorensen, who is a prominent member of the India League, said that the establishment of this body should be the responsibility of India's political parties.

Earl Russell, the eminent sociologist, said: "My first reaction is excellent."

CENTRE OF GRAVITY

The Secretary of the India-Burma Association, Edwin Haward, said: "The proposals indicate a long-term policy which will give every opportunity for the new constitution to get going."

Lord Halifax, who is accepted as one of the world's leading constitutional experts said: "I welcome the fact that the Viceroy's broadcast recognised that the centre of gravity is still in India. The provincial leaders will have the opportunity of dealing at first hand with the problems most vital to the future of the Indian people."

In his broadcast, Mr. Attlee said: "The King's speech at the opening of the new Parliament contained this passage in accordance with promises already made to my Indian peoples, my Government will do its utmost to promote, in conjunction with the leaders of Indian opinion, the early realisation of full self-government in India."

"Immediately after assuming office the Government turned its attention to Indian affairs and invited the Viceroy to come home in order to revise with him the whole situation, economic and political. These discussions have now concluded and the Viceroy has returned to India and has made an announcement of policy."

"You will remember that in 1942 the Coalition Government made a draft declaration for discussion with Indian leaders, commonly known as the Cripps offer. It was proposed that immediately upon the cessation of hostilities steps should be taken to set up in India an elected body charged with the task of framing a new constitution for India."

CRIPPS OFFER

"Sir Stafford Cripps took that offer to India, but it was, unfortunately, not accepted by leaders of the Indian political parties; Government is, however, acting in accordance with its spirit and intention."

"The first step necessary is to get as soon as may be as democratic a representation of Indian peoples as possible. The war has, in India as in this country, prevented elections being held for a long time and constitutional and provincial legislatures must now be renewed. Therefore as has already been announced elections will be held in the coming cold weather."

"Electoral rolls are being revised as completely as time permits and everything possible will be done to ensure free and fair election."

AFTER ELECTION

"The Viceroy has to-day made known our intention to follow their election by positive steps to set up a constituent assembly of Indian elected representatives charged with the task of framing a new constitution. The Government has authorised Lord Wavell to undertake preliminary discussions with representatives of the new provincial legislatures as soon as they are elected to ascertain

whether the proposals of the Cripps offer are acceptable as they stand, or whether some alternative or modified scheme would be preferable.

"The Government has further authorised the Viceroy, as an interim measure, to take steps after the elections to bring into being an executive council having the support of the main Indian parties in order that India may deal herself with her own social and economic problems and may take her full part in working out the new world order."

BROAD DEFINITION

"A broad definition" of the British policy towards India is contained in the Declaration of 1942, which had the support of all parties in this country and stands in all its fullness and purpose. This declaration envisaged the negotiation of a treaty between the British Government and the constitution-making body. The Government is giving immediate consideration to the contents of such a treaty. It can be said here that in that treaty we shall not seek to provide for anything incompatible with the interests of India.

"No one who has any acquaintance with Indian affairs will underestimate the difficulties which will have to be surmounted in the setting up and the smooth operation of the constitution-making body. Still greater is the difficulty which faces the elected representatives of the Indian people in seeking to frame the constitution for a great continent containing more than 400,000,000 human beings."

In his broadcast, the Viceroy said that after his recent discussions in London he had been authorised by His Majesty's Government to state that Britain was determined to promote, in conjunction with the leaders of Indian opinion, the realisation of full self-government for India at the earliest possible moment. In spite of more urgent problems the present British Government had, since its early days, given attention to the Indian question. Any change in the franchise system would delay matters for at least two years.

Lord Wavell said that Britain was now to help India who had given so much help in winning the war. There were many problems and difficulties, but he firmly believed the task could be done. It was now for Indians to show that they had faith, wisdom and courage to work out how best India could be governed by the Indians for the Indians.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIANS FLYING HOME

An Australian wireless announcement last night indicated that arrangements have been completed for the transport by plane of Australian liberated prisoners of war from Manila to Sydney.

They are to be accommodated at the rate of about sixty men daily.

There are about 400 Australians who have had two weeks in quarantine in Manila and are ready to go. Some 280 more are arriving from Japan to-day.

COMMANDOS AT KEY POINTS

The No. 42 Commando Regt. are now occupying key points in the Tain Wan, Tai Po, Taimshan and Shatin areas in the New Territories. The No. 5 Commando Regt. are on the New Territories Border and at Fanling. The No. 44 Commando Regt. are in Kowloon and the No. 1 Commando Regt. on the Island.

DAILY TRAIN SERVICE

There is now a daily train service into the New Territories as far as Lowu. No fares are being charged for the present, encouragement being given to small tradesmen to come into Kowloon with fresh vegetables and other produce for the Kowloon and Hong Kong markets.

The up-train for the New Territories leaves the main Kowloon station, Tsimshatsui, at 10.15 a.m. The schedule is: Yau Ma Tei, 10.25; Shatin, 10.55; Tai Po, 11.15; Tai Po Market, 11.22; Fanling, 11.37; Shung Shui, 11.42; arriving at Lowu at 11.50.

The down-train leaves Lowu at 2 p.m. The schedule is: Shung Shui, 2.10; Fanling, 2.25; Tai Po Market, 2.40; Tai Po, 2.48; Shatin, 3.03; Yau Ma Tei, 3.48; arriving at Kowloon at 3.55 p.m.

CORRESPONDENCE

Price Ramp

Sir,—There is one thing that might be done to limit the present ramp in prices.

Cannot the Army or the Navy or the R.A.F. or the Commandos, or anybody in the position to do so, organise a Canteen for units on leave and Essential Services, where we can get a glass of beer and cigarettes and tobacco without having to pay the present appalling prices charged in the town? Let's be able to say we got something intelligent done to break the racket. Most of us are hard-worked but

INDIGENT.

WHERE IS MY WANDERING WIFE?

Sir,—Can you give me any information as to where the "Empress of Australia" passengers are? I have been told they were taken off at Manila and also that they were not, but that the ship was proceeding to Colombo. What is all the secrecy about? No mail and no information. I want to cable my wife at some port on route and let her know about news I have had from England since she left Stanley. I cannot find out where she is.

You should run a strong leader in your paper about this hush-hush business. It is getting people with relatives at sea very much down.

Is it always the same when the Services are in charge? They say there is no censorship yet muzzle you by refusing information.

If things had been run in this haphazard, unco-ordinated, planless fashion in Stanley during the war, there would have been a riot. All extenuating circumstances notwithstanding, it is still a mess.

A. J. M.

PENSION CLAIMS

All persons who on December 8, 1941 were drawing pension at the Command Pay Office, China Command, should furnish, without delay, to No. 10 Staff Paymaster, Wellington Barracks, the following particulars:—

1. Name of pensioner.
2. Place of residence.
3. Rate of pension in issue and date when last drawn.
4. Nature of pension: disability pension, service pension, widows or dependents, Indian pension etc.
5. Awarding authority, H.M. Paymaster General, Minister of Pensions, Royal Hospital Chelsea, Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Indian etc.
6. Serial Number and Reference Number, awarding authority.
7. Particulars of any documents which may be in possession of pensioners but not the documents themselves.
8. Until definite instructions have been received from the United Kingdom and India, no pension can be paid. This is merely a preliminary step but every effort will be made to expedite the matter.

SECOND DENTAL CLINIC

According to a notice issued by Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clark, Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, a second dental clinic has been opened in Hong Kong on the second floor of Pedder Building. The clinic is open on week days from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. for members of Government Departments and of the Essential Services, and of the H.K.V.D.C. who were formerly detained in Prisoners of War and Internment camps and their dependents.

PUBLIC A NOUNCEMENTS

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK (Incorporated in U.S.A.) HONG KONG

Please note that this Office has re-opened for business at the temporary premises situated in Hong Kong Bank Building, Ground floor, since September 14th, 1945.

Beginning from September 20th, 1945 we shall remove back to our own Building, No. 2, Queen's Road, Central.

Telephone Nos. 20237 & 30921

NOTICE

THE MARCONI INTERNATIONAL MARINE COMMUNICATION COMPANY

Temporary Office:
1st Floor,
Shell House,
Queen's Road C.,
Telephone 21765.
F. W. GRINTER,
Manager.

NOTICE

ROYAL HONG KONG YACHT CLUB

A meeting of members will be held at South China Morning Post Building, 1-3, Wyndham Street, at noon, on Saturday, 22nd September, 1945.

N. V. CROUCHER,
Commodore.

NOTICE

All registered medical practitioners in Hong Kong are requested to call at the Death Registration Office, Central Health Office, opposite the Hong Kong and Shanghai Bank, during office hours to obtain, free of charge, medical certificates of the cause of death (form No. 19).

GOVERNMENT PENSIONS

It is proposed to resume pension payments to Government Pensioners immediately and all pensioners are requested to report to the Treasury Examination Branch not later than the 26th September, 1945, bringing with them their pension papers, or in the absence of such papers any other documents which may establish their right to pension.

D.M. MACDOUGALL,
Chief Civil Affairs Officer.
19th September, 1945.

NOTICE

Attention is drawn to the Arms and Ammunition Proclamation published to-day in which all the members of the public are required forthwith to deposit all arms and ammunition in their possession to the nearest Police Station.

The Proclamation defines what constitutes "Arms and Ammunition."

Members of the public should acquaint themselves with the definition as soon as possible by reading the Proclamation posted at all Police stations, markets, the offices of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs and other public places.

Arms and ammunition should be taken to the nearest Police Stations and handed in to the officer in charge. No questions will be asked, nor will enquiries be made concerning the arms and ammunition handed in.

Fire arms must be conveyed unloaded to the Police Station. Receipts will be given at Police Stations only to those members of the public who wish to apply later for licences for their firearms when licensing is reopened. In this event such arms and ammunition should be securely and clearly labelled with the name and address of the owner and a reference to the arms and ammunition deposited.

(Signed) C. H. HANCOCK,
Cpl. Civil Affairs,
(Police).

19th September, 1945.

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION

No. 1074.

Acting under the instructions of the Ministry of Finance, received through the Inspector General of Customs, I have to-day assumed temporary charge of the Chinese Maritime Customs for Kowloon and District.

New official seals are being put into use as from to-day. The official seals in use by this office during the period of usurpation by the enemy and bogus authorities are hereby declared null and void.

C. A. POUNCEY,
Commissioner of Chinese Customs,
Kowloon and District.

Marina House,
Hong Kong.
20th September, 1945.

NOTICE

Will all persons having knowledge of the whereabouts of the Graves of any Allied Service Personnel who were killed in battle, died of wounds, died in hospital or internment camps, or under any other circumstances what-so-ever please communicate with Major J. C. Riddell, H. Q. Land Forces, Victoria Barracks.

NOTICE

We have resumed work in our old offices, 4th floor, French Bank Building.

CREDIT FONCIER
D'EXTREME-ORIENT

Real Estate, Mortgages & Architects.

PICTURE RECORD OF SURRENDER CEREMONY

FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO

18A, GLOUCESTER ARCADE

REISS BRADLEY & CO., LTD.

IMPORT & EXPORT MERCHANTS AND ENGINEERS

Temporary Office:

Pedder Building, 5th floor, Room 4.

Tel. 81660.

Enquiries will receive prompt attention.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY OF CHINA, LTD.

has re-opened an office at

St. George's Building,

Chater Road,

(Ground Floor).

Telephone No. 31616.

20th September, 1945.

GODDARD & DOUGLAS

MARINE SURVEYORS & CONSULTING ENGINEERS

We have resumed business again at our former address, 1st floor, Alexandra Building. Tel. 29120.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

HONG KONG

4, Des Voeux Road, Central

Telephone 31332

JOHN STENBERSEN,
Manager.

QUEEN'S THEATRE

Tel. 31453

Showing To-day at 2.30 & 7.30 p.m.

TYRONE POWER, ALICE FAYE, AL JOLSON

in

"ROSE OF WASHINGTON SQUARE"

A 20th Century Fox Musical Hit.

Prices: H.K. \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c., 20c.

Service Men in Uniform: H.K. 70c. (Back Stalls).

EAT AT JIMMY'S TO-DAY

"THORNYCROFT"

OUR BRANCH OFFICE HAS OPENED TEMPORARY PREMISES AT STOCK EXCHANGE BUILDING (2nd FLOOR, ROOM 24); AND WE SHALL BE OBLIGED IF ALL PROSPECTIVE CLIENTS WILL COMMUNICATE ENQUIRIES TO THAT ADDRESS DURING THE PRESENT EMERGENCY PERIOD WHERE THEY WILL BE PROMPTLY HANDLED AND COMMUNICATED TO OUR EXECUTIVE WHO IS NOW PROCEEDING TO LONDON TO ASCERTAIN FULL DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS WITH PRICES OF LATEST MODELS IN ALL LINES OF OUR PRODUCTS—

VEHICLES—PETROL/DIESEL
MARINE ENGINES—PETROL/DIESEL
BOILERS—WATER TUBE
MOTOR BOATS & OF ALL DESCRIPTION
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OUR HONG KONG & CHINA OFFICE IS A DIRECT BRANCH OF—

MESSRS. JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

SMITH SQUARE

WESTMINSTER

LONDON.

REPATRIATION NOTICE No. 1

EMBARKATION FOR UNITED KINGDOM, CEYLON AND INDIA

1. Will the following persons please assemble at STANLEY at 10 a.m. on SATURDAY, 22nd September, 1945:—

Dr. H. Talbot.
Mrs. C. Talbot.
Mr. & Mrs. W. H. Large.
Mr. C. T. Large.
Mrs. M. Smith.
Mrs. W. O. Lambert.
Mr. & Mrs. B. Hopkinson.
Mrs. M. Mather.
Mr. & Mrs. H. Margrett.
Mr. & Mrs. W. T. Lewis and children.
Mr. & Mrs. J. Riddell and child.
Mrs. D. E. Johnston.
Mr. & Miss F. Leonard.
Mr. G. Miskin.
Miss G. F. Flower.
Miss V. Podmore.
Mr. & Mrs. G. Holloway.
Mrs. A. C. Tribble.
Mrs. E. M. de Biero.
Miss D. Brazier.
Miss E. Lemmon.
Mrs. P. E. Newnham.
Miss B. Riley.
Miss L. Warbrick.
Miss K. E. Gordon.
Miss A. Williams.
Miss N. Chandler.
Mrs. M. J. Staple.
Miss B. Chart.
Miss I. Turner.
Miss D. Lambert-Baker.
Miss J. Smith.
Miss M. A. Grant.
Miss M. R. Leslie.
Miss A. Holtway.
Miss E. M. Hill.
Miss M. D. Riddle.

Miss L. Carrow.
Miss L. Bussor.
Mr. C. Whitfield.
Mrs. & Miss Hirst.
Mr. & Mrs. J. D. Robinson.
Mrs. W. A. Penny.
Mrs. J. M. Fenton.
Mr. & Mrs. R. Rogers and child.
Mr. & Mrs. R. Grindley.
Mrs. H. W. Mills.
Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald.
Mr. & Mrs. J. P. Channing.
Misses B. & F. D. Cartwright.
Mr. & Mrs. O. F. Hamilton.
Mr. & Mrs. E. J. Stevens and family.

Sub. Lt. & Mrs. Sallis and family.
Mrs. T. Porteus and child.
Mrs. T. N. Winfield.
Mrs. D. D. Richards.
Mrs. H. P. Lourenz.

2. Will the following persons please assemble at QUEEN'S PIER at 10 a.m. on SATURDAY, 22nd September, 1945, or in the case of Kowloon residents, board H. M. S. "SMITTER" at Kowloon Wharves:—

Mr. T. B. Rolland.
Mr. A. Gashenko (Jockey Club Stables).
Mr. J. W. Doakin.
Mr. P. W. Calderara (c/o Keller & Co., Ltd.).
Mr. S. C. Feltman.
Mr. & Mrs. F. Chisholm.
Mr. Q. A. A. Macfadyen.
Mr. M. F. Weissenfluh (Church Guest House).
Mr. B. D. Evans.
Mr. E. Padney.
Mr. D. W. Phillips.
Mr. J. Aitken (H.K.P.).
Mr. P. W. Urko.
Mr. H. Pantham.
Mr. C. W. Brown.
Mr. T. Fortescue.
Miss N. Grady.
Capt. A. H. Finnio.
Miss B. O. Redwood.
Mr. E. J. Eason.
Mr. & Mrs. E. Pritchard.
Mr. A. C. Tribble.
Mrs. & Miss Van Wyk.
Mr. J. G. Haigh.
Mr. D. Ritchie.
Mr. R. A. Bates.
Mr. A. N. Mackenzie.
Mr. A. R. S. Major.
Mr. J. F. Forrier.
Mr. P. O. Guild.
Mr. & Mrs. C. D. Fordue.
Mr. E. W. Mills.
Mr. S. S. Outcher.
Mr. R. H. Hughes.
Mr. C. T. Chamclovier.
Mr. J. Gallaty.
Mr. J. Newton.
Mr. G. E. Gilbert.
Mr. E. Tuck.
Mr. W. O. Exeall.
Mr. F. T. White.
Mr. T. Magarry.
Miss & Miss Budden.
Miss N. Widdell.
Mr. A. Foster.
Miss O. Redwood.
Mr. H. Smith.
Mr. W. O. Lambert.
Mr. J. F. McGowan.
Mr. J. F. Pendergast.
Mr. R. J. Walker.
Commr. J. Jolly.
Mr. W. S. Smith.

ousting the Japanese

Tremendous Task For China In Prospect

Control Of Fish Market

DR. G. A. C. HERKLOTS, DIRECTOR OF FISHERIES, HAS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING NOTIFICATION:—

Buyers of fish, fresh and salt, from the Hong Kong Fish Wholesale Market, must first register at the Wholesale Market at Central Market and deposit \$300.

Owing to the present shortage of the new currency buyers are permitted to delay payment or deposit until November 30.

Buyers who register as salt fish buyers may buy fresh fish only. If one buyer wishes to buy both salt and fresh fish, he must register twice and pay two deposits.

Each buyer must be guaranteed by two other registered buyers.

Buyers are asked to register at the earliest possible. No unregistered person will be allowed to buy at the Fish Wholesale Market.

The date of the opening of the wholesale market will be announced later.

American Navy Plan

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY, MR. FORESTAL, IN A STATEMENT IN WASHINGTON YESTERDAY, SAID THAT THE UNITED STATES NAVY, FOR PEACE-TIME PURPOSES, WOULD HAVE A FLEET OF 300 UP-TO-DATE WARSHIPS.

These would include 11 battleships and 36 aircraft-carriers.

There would be a further 560 warships in reserve.

The Navy-Air Arm would require about 12,000 planes.

The Navy would have bases in the Pacific from Kodiak, Alaska to the Admiralty Islands, if Australia would give permission for the Americans to build a base in this group. Other bases would be at Guam, Saipan, Tinian, Iwojima, and the Loochoos.—Wireless.

THIRD FLEET OFF FOR HOME

Tokyo, Sept. 21. A large part of the American Third Fleet has sailed from Tokyo for home. The fleet is stopping off at Okinawa to pick up liberated prisoners of war before proceeding to Los Angeles.—Associated Press.

Mr. T. W. Carr.
Mr. J. P. Pennefather-Evans.
Mr. J. Ross.
Mr. W. Hewitt.
Miss C. B. Murray.
Mr. G. W. Mortimer.
Mr. T. H. Lenson.
Mr. M. E. Purvis.
Mr. A. McKenzie.
Dr. A. H. Barwell.
Mr. B. H. Church.
Mr. C. M. Harlow.
Mr. W. McLaughlin.
Sub. Lieut. Brennan.
Signalman Rennington.
Mrs. H. A. Solwyn-Clark & child.
Miss H. Ho.
Mr. W. A. Johnson.
Lieut. D. G. Wilson.
Miss A. L. Smith.
Mr. H. Lourenz.
Mr. D. M. D. Stephen (182, Bonessy Road, 2nd Floor).
Mr. H. J. Jogle (Dina House 26, Duddell Street).
Mr. G. M. Advani (Rm. 26, Stock Exchange Building).
Mr. J. B. Mahtani (35, Cairns Road, 4th Floor).
3. Passengers MUST embark from the place under which their names appear as their berthing cards will not be available elsewhere.

REPATRIATION OFFICER, C.A.S.
Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building, 1st Floor.
(Tele. No. 88942).

20th September, 1945.

Repatriation of Millions

NEW YORK, SEPT. 20. THE CHINESE AUTHORITIES ARE NOW TRYING TO RID CHINA OF JAPANESE CIVILIANS BY REPATRIATION. THEY ARE FACED WITH ONE OF THE GREATEST PROBLEMS IN THE MASS MOVEMENT OF A POPULATION IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD BUT THEY SAY THAT THEY ARE DETERMINED TO DO A PROPER JOB OF IT.

IT WILL BE A JOB OF TRANSPORTING BETWEEN TWO AND THREE MILLION PERSONS, MANY OF WHOM HAVE LEARNED SOMETHING OF THE CHINESE LANGUAGE AND WHO MIGHT, BY ADOPTING CHINESE DRESS, ATTEMPT TO FADE AWAY INTO THE GREAT MASS OF CHINA'S MILLIONS.

Guerillas Were Ready

IT IS NOW DISCLOSED THAT A LARGE ARMY OF GUERRILLAS WAS READY IN MALAYA PREPARED TO GO INTO ACTION WHEN LORD LOUIS MOUNTBATTEN GAVE THE SIGNAL.

The nucleus was formed by officers and men overrun in the Japanese advance through Malaya, but who never fell into Japanese hands.

They were in recent months enormously strengthened from outside. Liberators began dropping supplies, men and arms. The Liberators were coming over every day with fresh men and equipment towards the end.—Reuter.

VOLUNTEERS REPORTED SAFE

Certain orders re repatriation, etc., have already been issued. Company Commanders for those living in. All those living out, who have relations or homes to go to ex Hong Kong should apply at these Headquarters for a copy of these orders as soon as possible.

Pte. P. T. Tam and W. C. Lo, both of No. 3 Coy., previously reported "Missing, Believed Killed" are now reported alive.

Pte. W. A. Zimmerman, A.S.C., previously reported killed is now reported alive.

Cables for the following are waiting at Volunteer Headquarters for collection: R. W. Fraser, Mrs. Lillian Shaw, Miss Minnie Maxwell, Mrs. H. Dudman and Mrs. T. Madar.

THE ATOMIC BOMB EXPERIMENT

Tokyo, Sept. 20. It is now stated that the Japanese battleship Nagato is to be taken to the United States for the atomic bomb experiment, not 500 miles out to sea as was first reported.—Associated Press.

FRANCO-CHINESE DISCUSSIONS

Paris, Sept. 20.—Following a talk between General Charles de Gaulle and China's Premier, Mr. T. W. Soong, an official communiqué issued here to-night stated that "During the particularly cordial discussion, all questions affecting France and China were the subject of a very exhaustive examination."—Reuter.

ECONOMY CALL

Users of penny and shilling in the slot meters in London are arousing official anxiety. The Controller says they are using far too much gas and electricity, and a rigid economy is called for from everyone.—Reuter.

ALDERSHOT HONOURS CANADIANS

The Freedom of Aldershot is to be conferred on the Canadian Army at a special ceremony this week. Units of the Canadian Army and the Canadian women's organisations will be present.—Reuter.

Chungking, Sept. 20. The Agent-General of India in China, Mr. K. P. S. Menon, has returned to Chungking to take charge of the agency after an absence of nine months. He left in January for treatment of injuries received during a flight from India to the Chinese capital.—Reuter.

HAW HAW APPEALING

William Joyce, otherwise known as "Lord Haw-Haw" who was sentenced to death at the Old Bailey on a charge of treason on Wednesday, is lodging an appeal.

The hearing of the appeal will probably take place next month at the Court of Criminal Appeals, and if it is unsuccessful, the case may be taken further to the House of Lords, provided the Attorney-General's certificate is granted.—Reuter.

Catty A Day For 10,000

A CATTY OF COOKED RICE PER HEAD FOR CLOSE ON 10,000 PEOPLE DAILY IS THE JOB OF THE RICE DISTRIBUTING CENTRES BY CHINESE CHARITABLE SOCIETIES. AN ORGANISATION WHICH IS NOW COMING INTO CLOSER CONTACT WITH THE GENERAL RELIEF SCHEME OF GOVERNMENT UNDER THE CONTROL OF COL. WM. KAY, FORMER HEADMASTER OF KING'S COLLEGE.

Started during the Japanese occupation, this organisation has done excellent work and now has 14 kitchens, seven being on the island and seven in Kowloon. One of these kitchens serves over 1,000 people and another has 800 to look after.

The distributing centres are situated at: Yau-mat Market, Yau-mat Yek Chl School (Shantung Street), Lung Hing Buddhist Association (Boundary Street), Precious Blood Hospital, Hung Hom Market, Teim Tea Tsai (old District Bureau), Kowloon City, Western Market, Wan Chai B Association (Sallyingpun), Tung Sin B Association (Aberdeen Street), Violet Peel Centre, Causeway Bay (near Market), and Shaukiwan.

NOT YET ANYHOW

NO VISITORS, MESSAGES OR PARCELS ARE BEING PERMITTED FOR THE PRESENT FOR ANY OF THE JAPANESE PRISONERS OF WAR.

This ruling will remain in force until proper arrangements with regard to these have been made. The Japanese brought in with them enough stores, both of the luxury and comfort class, to last them for some time.

Parcels and messages were permitted in the first few days while measures for camp-control were yet in a fairly unsettled state. Arrangements with regard to these on a more permanent basis will be announced in due course.

Singapore, Sept. 20. Some 32,000 Japanese war prisoners from Malaya are to be sent to the Rio islands south of Singapore.—Reuter.

RADIO

FRIDAY, 21st SEPTEMBER, 1945. ZBW HONGKONG Broadcasting on Frequencies of 690 Kilocycles and 12.30-1.30 p.m., 6.30-7.30 p.m. and 9.00-10.30 p.m. on 9.47 Megacycles.

H.K.T.
12.30 p.m.—Each Suite No. 3 in D Major.
12.52 p.m.—Songs of the Sea.
1.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—The London Palladium Orchestra with Webster Booth (Tenor).
1.30 p.m.—Dance Music.
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.
2.30 p.m.—Light Orchestral Program.
3.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.
3.10 p.m.—Hendel—"The Wreath Music Suite."
3.25 p.m.—The Kentucky Minstrel Show.
3.40 p.m.—Music from Noel Coward's Shows.
3.50 p.m.—Songs by Benjamin O. Gilg (Tenor).
4.20 p.m.—Bellini—Symphony No. 1 in E Minor, Op. 68.
5.00 p.m.—News & Announcements.
5.10 p.m.—STUDIO—"V.E. Day" German Headquarters' Talk by Edward Ward.
5.40 p.m.—Variety Program.
6.00 p.m.—LONDON—Relay—The News and Highlights from the Papers.
10.10 p.m.—Old English Music.
10.30 p.m.—Close Down.

R.A.F. Corporal Leads the Field

A ROYAL AIR FORCE CORPORAL, CHARLIE WARD, OF STAFFORDSHIRE, LED THE FIELD AT THE END OF THE FIRST ROUND OF THE "DAILY MAIL" 1,500 GUINEAS 72-HOLE STROKE-PLAY TOURNAMENT ON WEDNESDAY.

Ward returned the par score of 73 and led by one stroke from the Leicester professional, Willie Branch.

Five tied for third place with scores of 75, including Matt Kowall, one of the six American challengers entered by the United States Army, and two of the sixteen Irish entrants, the Antrim professional, W. J. Clarke, and Dublin's E. J. Hackett.

The other two were the former British Open champion, A. J. Lacey, and Eddie Whitcombe, one of a family of four competing.

The total field was 160 and although the competition opened in fine weather late starters encountered a rainstorm. The worst return was by the Scottish player, E. S. Clair, who took 193.

Scores generally were unusually high, showing that the Old Course at St. Andrews, which has not been used for a big event for six years, is still as difficult as ever. Notable players to do poorly during the day were the Ryder Cup player, Reginald Whitcombe, with 79; the "News of the World" match-play competition winner, Reginald Horne, who returned 80, and the "Star" Tournament winner, John Shoemith, with 84. The famous American player, Horton Smith, took 81.

COTTON WITHDRAWS There was a mild sensation when the winner of the recent Brighton Tournament, Britain's No. 1 golfer, Henry Cotton, who is suffering from the effects of influenza, decided to play at the last minute, but after taking five to reach the first green, and being obviously very seedy, he picked up his ball.

This was the first recorded incident in an important event that a prominent player has withdrawn so early.

Another round is to be played to-day (Thursday) after which the leading fifty will play the final 36 holes on Friday.—Reuter.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

On the London Stock Market on Wednesday, there were few outstanding features, the day being generally quiet with some occasional recessions. The undertone on the whole remained steady.

Gilt-edged were the bright exception, meeting with investment support, further reflecting the prospects of cheaper money and lower rates of interest.

Among Far Eastern issues, Japanese were generally a quarter better following the recent dullness.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S WAR CRIMINALS

Takekura Ogata, Chief Cabinet Secretary in the Tojo Government, has been arrested.

That a new and longer list of Japanese to be questioned on war guilt will be issued soon, was disclosed by Brigadier Lieut. Thorne, Chief of the Counter-Intelligence Section.—Associated Press.

DEMOBBING THE AUSTRALIANS

Sydney, Sept. 20. The Australian Government has announced immediate demobilisation plans for 200,000 men, 10,000 from the R.A.N., 135,000 from the Army and 55,000 from the R.A.A.F. The project will be in full swing early in October.—Associated Press.

MACAO TRIP

Col. L. T. Rido, accompanied by Mr. John Kerwick, visited Macao yesterday on behalf of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, who sent his felicitations to the Governor of Macao.

London, Sept. 20.—Mr. Winston Churchill, who is on a holiday visit to Italy, has left Milan. It is possible he may visit one or two more places in Italy before he returns to London.—Reuter.

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